



Perceived Underemployment Among Immigrants in Canada: Predictors and Consequences

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Outline

- Prevalence of underemployment among immigrants
- [~] Conceptualizing underemployment
- ["] Past research on underemployment
- ⁷ The current research
- ⁷ Practical implications

Prevalence of Underemployment among Immigrants

- " Immigrants experience underemployment at rates substantially higher than non-immigrants (Galarneau & Morissette, 2004; Gilmore, 2009; Li et al., 2006)
- In 2008, the proportion of immigrants with a university degree who were working in a job that required only a high school education was 68% (compared to 41% of their non-immigrant counterparts) (Gilmore, 2009)

Conceptualizing Underemployment

Dimensions of Underemployment (Feldman, 1996)

- 1. Person possesses more formal education than the job requires.
- 2. Person possesses higher-level work skills and more extensive work experience than the job requires.
- 3. Person is involuntarily employed in a field outside his/her area of formal education.
- 4. Person is involuntarily engaged in part-time, temporary, or intermittent employment.
- 5. Person earns wages 20% or less than in previous job.

Conceptualizing Perceived Underemployment

A psychological construct involving the perception that one is employed in a lower quality job than one pre-migration job

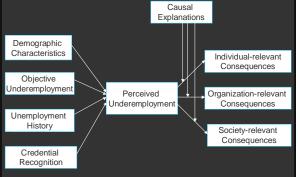
Past Research on Underemployment Among Immigrants

- Researchers have mainly focused on examining the prevalence of underemployment among different groups (De Jong & Madamba, 2001; Slack & Jensen, 2007)
- [~] Researchers have conducted cross-national comparisons of immigrant success (Reitz et al., 2011)
- There has been some use of qualitative approaches (Dean & Wilson, 2009; Este & Tachble, 2009; Krahn et al., 2009)

Overview of the Current Research

Goal: To develop and test a comprehensive model of perceived underemployment among immigrants





Broad Research Questions

Question 1: What are the predictors and consequences of perceived underemployment?

Question 2: Is perceived underemployment the path through which objective indicators of underemployment lead to negative consequences?

Question 3: Do the causal explanations that people make for their underemployment determine whether they experience negative consequences?

Respondents

- ["] All respondents were recent immigrants
- ["] Average age: 39 years
- ⁷ Study 1: 190 respondents
- Study 2: 199 respondents
- ⁷⁷ Study 3: 75 respondents

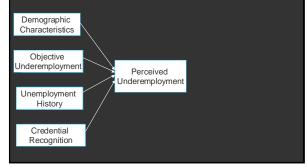
Measure of Perceived Underemployment

Please indicate the extent to which you agree with the following statements on a scale from 1 (strongly disagree) to 7 (strongly agree)

- 1. I feel overqualified for my current job.
- 2. I am overeducated for this job.
- 3. I feel underemployed on this job.

Research Question 1: What are the predictors and consequences of perceived underemployment?

Potential Predictors of Perceived Underemployment



Demographic Characteristics

- ″ Gender X
- ″ Age 🗙
- ″ Length of residency in Canada X
- " Region of origin X

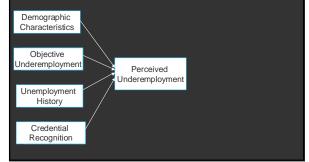
Objective Underemployment

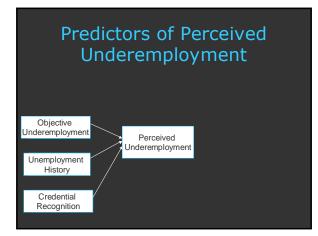
- ″Involuntary part-time status ؇
- Industry match
- 🦷 Skill level change ؇
- ″Wages √

Unemployment History and Credential Recognition

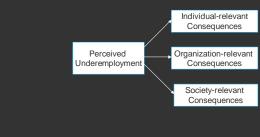
- " Unemployment history √
- Credential recognition

Potential Predictors of Perceived Underemployment





Potential Consequences of Perceived Underemployment



Individual-relevant Consequences

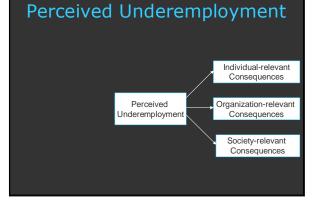
- " Perceptions of justice *
- "Satisfaction with immigration decision

Organization-relevant Consequences

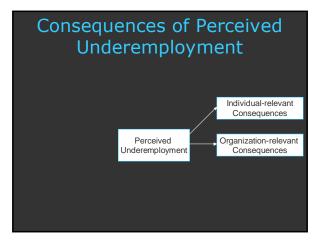
- " Turnover intentions √
- ″Job search behaviour √
- ″Job satisfaction √
- " Organizational commitment √

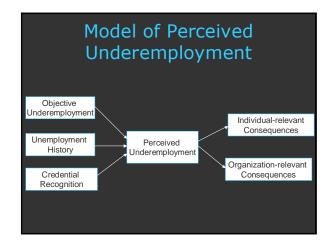
Society-relevant Consequences

" Intentions to leave Canada *

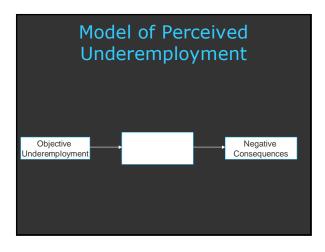


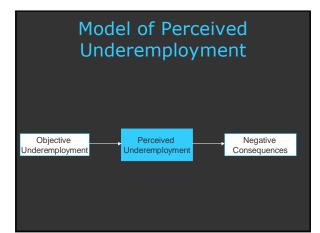
Potential Consequences of





Research Question 2: Is perceived underemployment the path through which objective indicators of underemployment lead to negative consequences?





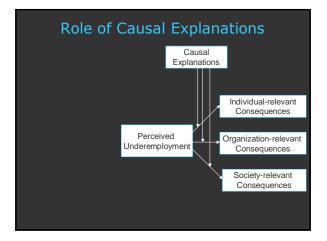
Research Question 3: Do the causal explanations that individuals make for their underemployment determine whether they experience negative consequences?

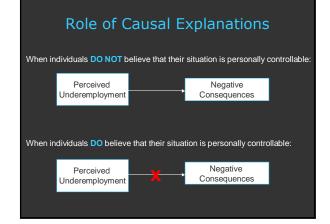
Role of Causal Explanations

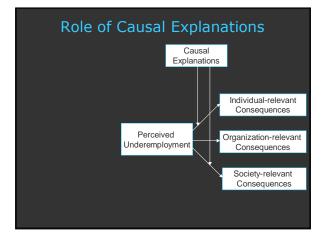
- Attribution theory: People strive to understand the world around them by making causal explanations
- " Controllability: is the cause uncontrollable or is it under personal control?

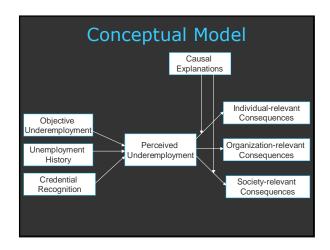
Role of Causal Explanations

- Causal explanations influence emotions and behaviour
- Altering individualsqexplanations for failure from uncontrollable to controllable results in positive behaviour change









Practical Implications

- ["] Importance of individualsqperceptions of underemployment
- ["] Individualsqcausal explanations for their underemployment influence their reactions
- " Managing individualsqexpectations
 - . Overseas orientation
 - . Settlement information
 - . Municipal portals

Thank you

- " Victoria Esses
- " Joan Finegan
- ⁷ Sohail Khan, Skills International
- " Laureen Rennie, Region of Peel