WCI Action-Research on Local Immigration Partnership Councils (LIPs)

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What are LIPs?

Local Immigration Partnership Councils: Created under the Canada-Ontario Immigration Agreement (2005);Call for proposals issued by CIC in 2008, in partnership with MCI

- CIC funding for LIPs in cities and communities across the province for a "collaborative framework to facilitate the development and implementation of sustainable local and regional solutions for successful integration of immigrants to Ontario"
- Improve access and coordination of services; better immigrant access to the labour market; greater local and regional awareness and capacity to integrate immigrants; enhanced partnerships and multiple stakeholder involvement in service planning, coordinating, delivery
- Two LIP phases: establishment of partnership council, development of settlement strategic plan

"LIPS represent a new approach to planning and policy in the sector" (collaborative, locally driven, place-based)

Project Overview

"WCI research team (Andrew, Bradford, Casagrande, Ratcliffe) will partner with LIP members in analysis of local collaboration and province-wide coordination, exploring strategies/ opportunities/challenges in positioning the LIPs as key mechanisms for ensuring successful settlement and integration of all newcomers in Ontario"

Context and Rationale (1): A Changing Policy Environment

LIPs emerge in a period of considerable challenge and change for immigration policy:

- Evidence of low incomes/poverty for immigrants and risks of social exclusion
- Recognition of more complex, specialized newcomer needs amidst economic recession and restructuring
- Recognition of need to connect short term immigrant settlement with longer term societal integration and civic engagement
- Growing interest in attracting and retaining newcomers in smaller cities, towns and rural communities
- Concern about effectiveness of existing settlement and integration programming in new conditions

Context and Rationale (2): Recent Academic Research

LIPs emerge as scholars recognize that while multiculturalism is a national project, the real diversity work happens locally in our cities and communities (Sandercock *Learning from the Local*).

- Studying intercultural programs and facilities that engage newcomers and host communities (Sandercock, Kymlicka)
- Studying "municipal readiness" for diversity through urban planning and policy for welcoming communities (Ley, Good)
- Studying multi-level governance (federal-provincial-municipal collaboration) in immigration policy (Andrew, Bradford)
- Studying community capacity-building and institutional innovations that involve citizens in policy making (Siemiatycki,Stren)
- Studying the "diversity advantage" for local economies and societies that include everyone (Jacobs, Florida)

LIPs Study: Timely Action-Research

In sum, both the changing policy environment and evolving scholarly research make our study of the LIPs timely and relevant

And policy communities have taken note:

2010 Parliamentary Committee: "The Committee believes the LIPs have great potential. They could bring together diverse parties who might otherwise not collaborate on immigrant settlement initiatives".

Our study involves a "community of learning and practice" that joins researchers and practitioners

Kick-off event: LIPs dialogue/research workshop to identify key issues (Workshop Report available)

LIPs Study: Core Questions

- 1. How are local partnership institutions built, operated, and sustained?
- 2. Is there variation in the partnership structures and processes across the province, and if so, why?
- 3. What are the challenges and opportunities encountered by LIPs?
- 4. Do the LIPs represent a promising social innovation in Canadian public policy and community development?

LIPs Study: Research Plan

1. Institution Building

- Starting Conditions
- Partnership Council Structure
- Partnership Council Process
- Leadership Dynamics
- 2. Challenges and Opportunities
- Engagement of Immigrants
- Engagement of Employers
- Inter-governmental Relations
- From Planning to Action (Implementation/Evaluation)
- 3. Social Innovation
- New Partnerships and Holistic Services
- New Problem-solving Capacities and Resources
- Knowledge transfer across LIPs
- Policy Learning from Local to Federal/Provincial Levels

LIPS Study: Research Method

Collect data in a variety of ways: LIPs document analysis, key informant interviews, monthly dialogues, participant observation, literature reviews

Two initial projects: (April 30/May 1 Workshop; Bradford/Andrew discussion paper on LIPs as social innovation)

Case study method: 6 LIPs in focus to capture variation across regions, urban-rural, partnership leads, presence of university. Preliminary case study list:

- **1.** Toronto: West Downtown Toronto Settlement Coordination Project
- 2. GTA: Peel Newcomer Strategy Group
- **3.** East: Kingston Local Immigration Partnership
- 4. West: Kitchener-Waterloo Local Immigration Partnership Council
- 5. North: Thunder Bay Local Immigration Partnership
- 6. Rural: County of Huron Local Immigration Partnership

Note: Andrew and Bradford also involved through participant-observation in Ottawa and London LIPs and these insights will inform the study

LIPs Study: Timelines/Deliverables

- May/June 2010: convene LIPs Workshop, finalize research design and team assignments, complete revisions on Bradford/Andrew paper "LIPs: A Promising Canadian Innovation".
- June-December 2010: conduct case study field work, document analysis and literature reviews
- October 2010: complete spin-off scholarly article for edited volume *How Ottawa Spends* (Oxford University Press)
- January-February 2011: data analysis, case study writeups
- March 2011: report delivery to CIC